Early detection saves lives.





# **ACT FAST!**

Early detection of SEPSIS requires fast action

If resident has suspected infection AND two or more:

- Temperature >100°F or <96.8°F Pulse >100
- SBP <100 mmHg or >40 mmHg from baseline
- Respiratory rate >20/SpO2 <90%</li>

Altered mental status

Plan for:

Review advance directive

**Every hour a resident** in septic shock doesn't receive antibiotics, the risk of death increases 7.6%

Long Term Care

**Early Sepsis** 

**Identification** 

**Saves Lives** 

Severe sepsis, a rapid onset

of organ dysfunction caused

by an overwhelming immune

response to infection, is a

deadly threat to residents.

MHA coordinated Seeing

the incidence of sepsis.

Sepsis, a program to decrease

Currently the national mortality rate is 16%. If this was reduced

10% to 40% 28.692 to 114.770

lives would be saved. This is

for all patients, not just long

term care.

## seeing SEPSIS

#### Suspected infection and 2 or more SIRS criteria

**Suspected infection SIRS** criteria Fever/chills Temp ≥100.0 or ≤96.8 Currently on antibiotics Pulse ≥100 BP <100 or >40 mmHg from baseline Cough/SOBS Cellulitis/wound drainage Resp. rate >20/SpO2 <90%

### seeing sepsis **Skilled nursing facility** sepsis algorithm for adults





WITHIN 3 HOURS:

|  | OUTCOME  | DEFINITION DISTINCTIONS  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|--|
|  | Symptom<br>Identification                                    | <ul> <li>Initiate the 100, 100, 100 rule staff screen.</li> <li>Symptoms: Just don't look right. Resident weak, more confused, and have other symptoms of infection         <ul> <li>Urinary Tract = frequency, urgency, burning on urination, or pain</li> <li>Respiratory = cough, shortness of breath, increase in sputum</li> <li>Skin = draining wound, redness, swelling, and warm to touch</li> <li>Neurologic = confusion, headache, stiff neck and sensitivity to light</li> </ul> </li> <li>Notify the Registered Nurse</li> <li>Identify Advance Directive Wishes</li> <li>Notify the Physician</li> <li>Call Family</li> </ul> |  |  |
|  | Advance Directives   | Verify Resident Wishes     No treatment     Treat and do not transfer     Comfort Care   |  |  |
|  | Initial LTC bundle<br>Based off Level of<br>Care and Ability | <ul> <li>Obtain Cultures and Blood for Lactate Level</li> <li>Start IV and give fluids</li> <li>Start Antibiotics</li> </ul>   |  |  |
|  |  | Identify resident /family wishes to treat in acute care hospital   |  |  |

Transfer Triggers

Transfer Trigger

Lactate greater than 4

Evidence of organ dysfunction Progression of symptoms

Persistent hypotension despite fluid resuscitation

| <ul> <li>Measure factate fevel.</li> <li>Obtain blood cultures prior to administrat<br/>antibiotics.</li> <li>Administer broad spectrum antibiotics.</li> <li>Administer 30 ml/kg crystalloid (0.9% Soo<br/>for hypotension or lactate ≥4mmol/L.</li> <li>Identify resident wishes to be transferred</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Treatment status</li> <li>Code Status</li> <li>Comfort Care Status         <ul> <li>Analgesic for fever</li> <li>Pain Control</li> </ul> </li> </ul> | Is the temp<br>above |
|---|---|----------------------|
| ADDITIONAL PROCESSES  |   | Is t                 |
| <ul> <li>Percent antibiotics administered w/in 1 he</li> <li>Serum lactate w/in either 3 hours of triag</li> <li>Adherence to Sepsis Transfer Protocol w</li> <li>Adherence to Sepsis Trigger Tool.</li> <li>Advance Directive.</li> </ul>  | psis activation.  |                      |
|   |   | 123                  |

Advance Directive Bundle:

